## COMMUNITY

IN THIS KIT YOU WILL FIND REFERENCES TO COMMUNITY: COMMUNITY-BASED ORGANIZING, COMMUNITY-BASED RESPONSES TO HARM, COMMUNITY SELF-DETERMINATION, ETC. IT IS KEY THAT WE THINK ABOUT HOW TO DEFINE WHAT WE MEAN BY "COMMUNITY," BECAUSE SOMETIMES WE FALL BACK ON A COMMON IDEA THAT A "COMMUNITY" IS SOMETHING THAT ALREADY EXISTS, AND THAT ALL THE PEOPLE IN IT WANT ALL THE SAME THINGS.

That idea doesn't work for building practical abolitionist tools because often we are trying to build alternatives to prisons, policing, and the rest of the PIC among people who don't always agree on how to do that'or if we even should do this work to begin with.
Communities, then, are always being made and re-made. A community can be geographical (a town, a neighborhood, an apartment building), based on identity or situation (Black people, queer people, white anti-racists, people on public assistance), or something as small as a group of friends. When we suggest that we can find new solutions for confronting harm and creating real safety, we imagine these solutions beginning in communitiesgroupings in which people are accountable to each other and act on the principles of abolition in everyday practice.

Often challenges can be best met in groups of people who can create new ways to respond to harm in their immediate surroundings and among themselves, without involving the state (or with as little involvement as possible). To build toward abolition, our communities are essential. However, we have to be conscious about the different ways we group ourselves and aware of the different needs and concerns of all the people in those groupings. We also need to be in tune with the different pressures on and resources available to our communities. What a community is will always keep changing as the people inside it keep re-defining it.

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We also use queer to challenge a common goal of many mainstream gay and lesbian movements - seeking acceptance into the current system. Instead, we use it to support the goal of working to undo the strict norms of gender and sexuality that are so much a part of the PIC. (for more, see Gender and Sexuality this section.)

## RESTORATIVE JUSTICE

For example, racism is a tool the state uses to maintain white supremacy and keep resources and power from people of color. The PIC is a tool the state uses to control people, maintain its ow'n power, and legitimize itself by claiming that only it can create "safety" for people living under it. This is important since the state controls people not only directly through police, prisons, and surveillance, but more indirectly, by influencing how people and communities imagine themselves, what they can do, and what harm they have to put up with. For example, sometimes people in places that are more heavily surveilled by police and cameras (whether that is where they live or where they spend other time), limit where they go and when, change their behavior, or start to punish or talk down to others in their community who do not. In other words, the power of the state is not only an outside force, but gets internalized in the minds of people subject to it, too.

> IN THIS TOOLKIT, WE DEFINE HARM EOTH AS SOMETHING ONE PERSON DOES TO HURT ANOTHER - FROM YELLING AT YOUR PARTNER TO KILLING ANOTHER PERSON - AND AS THE EFFECT OF OPPRESSION OR VIOLENCE CARRIED OUT EY THE STATE (SEE STATE).

## IMPORTANTLY, THESE KINDS

OF HARM ARE LINKED. This means that when one person hurts someone else, that harm can often be linked to the harm the state and economic institutions do in communities of color, poor communities, and other oppressed communities. We define harm this broadly to recognize that current ideas of crime are limited to ways that specifically target the communities that are also the targets of harm from the state. We also do it to challenge the idea that the best ways to address harm in our communities is through punishment and imprisonment. For more ideas about harm see the section Confronting "Crime," Confronting Harm.

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THE IDEA THAT IF SOMEONE DOES SOMETHING WRONG, THEY SHOULD BE HELD ACCOUNTABLEE IS OFTEN A DRIVING FORCE BEHIND POPULAR SUPPORT FOR THE PIC. IN THIS KIT, WE USE THE TERM DIFFERENTLY. TRUE ACCOUNTABILITY MEANS MAKING SURE THAT RESPONSIBILITIES BETWEEN PEOPLE OR GROUPS ARE MET. IT ALSO MEANS THAT EACH SIDE'S NEEDS GET MET.

Within the PIC, punishment is commonly thought of as a tool for creating accountability. Usually the state, through the district attorney, the police,.and the courts, claims to use the PIC to hold people accountable for their crimes. This means that they will be held responsible (to the state), given a punishment, and serve out that punishment.

We suggest that accountability has many parts. First, there is the accountability of people to each other, or individuals acting from a sense of responsibility to other individuals. There is also the accountability of groups of people to other groups and to individuals, or the group or society having a responsibility to those groups or individuals. In a broader model of accountability, society as a whole should be responsible to see that the basic needs of individuals and groups are met, and should not stand in the way of those needs being met.

With this model of accountability, responsibility for harm rests not only on a person who caused the harm, but also on the groups of people around them that respond to it, and, the steps taken to address the harm that meet the needs of everyone involved (not just the state). This model of accountability also seeks to provide support both to the harmed and to the person who caused the harm.

## GENDER \& SEXUALITY

[^0][^1]The prison industrial complex controls people by limiting their life choices. It does this by saying who can have access to what and under what circumstances (see Criminalization). In controlling and limiting people's life choices, the people involved in upholding the PIC are able to maintain the current balance of power (see White Supremacy, The State, and SelfDetermination). And even though many people of color participate in the state and in corporations that work with the state, the state's power is still tilted in favor of white people. Prisons, policing, surveillance, and other manifestations of the PIC are made possible by exploiting racial inequalities and working them further into the fabric of society.

## WhITE SUPREMACY


#### Abstract

THE TERM WHITE SUPREMACY DESCRIEES A SYSTEM OF POWER THAT HAS ITS HISTORICAL ROOTS IN THE EUROPEAN EFFORT FOR SOCIAL, POLITICAL, ECONOMIC, AND GEOGRAPHICAL DOMINANCE. THIS SYSTEM OF POWER IS ALSO KEY TO HOW THE U.S. HAS BEEN ORGANIZED TO SYSTEMATICALLY BENEFIT WHITE PEOPLE AND ACT OUT VIOLENCE ON PEOPLE OF


COLOR.
This violence is not limited to personal hatred, but includes arrangements of society that limit the choices, opportunities, and safety of people of color. White supremacy concentrates resources, power and wealth in white communities and denies those things to communities of color on purpose. Of course, these benefits are not the same for all white people. Rich white people acquire more economic resources and power than poor white people.

Simple statistics about who goes to prison, who stays there longer, whose communities get policed most heavily, and so on show that the PIC targets people of color (see the fact sheets for more info). The common sense (see the Common Sense section of this kit) encouraged through the PIC also feeds white supremacy. For example, police safety materials and the nightiy news encourage racist fears about who does crime by showing the same images over and over regardless of who actually commits harms. The use of these images makes it easier to impose policing, surveillance, and prison on communities of color. This burden, in turn, keeps white supremacy alive by removing or keeping down challenges to it. Historically these challenges have included struggles by people of color for self-determination. Without these challenges it is harder to keep resources and control from getting concentrated in white communities.
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[^0]:    GENDER IS USED TO DESCRIEE THE IDEAS OF MALE AND FEMALE THAT HAVE BECOME COMMON SENSE FOR US AND THE BIGGER IDEA OF GENDER BEYOND JUST MALE AND FEMALE.

[^1]:    For this kit, it is important to address both of these uses of gender. Both the opposite pairing of male and female and the wider idea of gender (including transgendered, transsexual, gender variant, intersex, and gender queer) play important roles in the way the PIC targets people.

